

SOCIO-CULTURAL PROCESSES

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REGIONAL PECULIARITIES OF ADAPTATION AND INTEGRATION OF MIGRANTS
IN THE CHECHEN REPUBLIC

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Abstract: The article examines the migration situation in the region, the prospect for cultural adaptation and integration of migrants, the degree of participation and effectiveness of the activities of public organizations in the implementation of migration policy. The purpose of the study is to identify the cultural and linguistic resources for the integration of foreign labor migrants into the local community. In the collection of social information, the methods of expert interview, a formalized questionnaire were used, measuring the attitude towards migrants, assessing the migration risks. A hypothesis was advanced on the bilateral dependence of the adaptation of migrants, on their cultural and linguistic, professional potential and the demand for their work in the host society. Attention is drawn to the possible consequences of the violation of the migration balance in the form of increased tension and conflict. In the end, the conclusion is made about the inevitability of attracting of foreign migrants to some areas of production and labor services, the need for coordinating the efforts of government bodies and public associations in the implementation of migration policy.

Keywords: migration, adaptation, integration, risks, unemployment, language, culture, market.

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SELF-DISCLOSURE AND GENDER DIFFERENCES ON SOCIAL NETWORK SITES:
REVIEW OF EMPIRICAL RESEARCH

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Abstract. As online social network sites distributed people became to disclose more personal information. However, the influence of user's gender on self-disclosure level is unclear. The article investigates the differences between the men's and women's self-disclosure level on social network sites. Review of research includes the results of 39 studies published between 1999 and 2017, in which inves-

tigated self-disclosure gender differences on social networks. The analysis showed that men compared to women more often disclose personal information (especially contact) in their profile, while women are more willing to use the privacy settings and write about themselves using dialogues and publications on the wall. Women prefer to post more frequently public messages, photo with friends, family and cute pictures. The analysis revealed a significant gender differences with males being more likely to post information about sports than females. The future studies could also examine the gender differences in self-disclosure taking into account the type of information, the goal of disclosure, the number and composition of friends.

Keywords: sex, gender, self-disclosure, social network sites, profile, Internet, Facebook, privacy, personal information, review of research.

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SOCIAL PROCESSES

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THE RISKY BEHAVIOR OF THE PERSONALITY OF THE INNOVATOR IN THE FOCUS OF SOCIAL CONTROL: RETROSPECTIVES AND PROSPECTIVES

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Abstract: The article reveals the economic and sociological foundations of understanding risky behavior of a modern person as an innovator in the business sphere. The subject of the research: a prospective and prospective nature of social control of minimizing risk behavior as a form of deviant behavior of the entrepreneur in the modern knowledge economy. The purpose of the work: analysis of interrelations and interdependencies of mutual influence of state regulation and market self-regulation in the issues of reproduction of cautious as the normative behavior of the entrepreneur. The conclusion is made that in the focus of social control there is both risky and cautious behavior of entrepreneurs, which emphasizes its ambivalent character. Priority tasks are defined: minimization of the implementation of direct management methods and strict control sanctions while maximizing the implementation of indirect management practices and soft control sanctions; minimization of rigid direct state regulation while simultaneously implementing soft, mediated market self-regulation. The instrument of implementation is the functioning and created self-regulating organizations.

Keywords: social risks, social control, risk behavior, entrepreneurial risk, entrepreneur, financial and economic sphere.

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OF THE MORAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL STATE OF THE PERSONNEL OF THE ARMED FORCES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

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Abstract: The article presents the results of sociological research of the moral and psychological state of soldiers of one of the military units of the Armed Forces of the Russian Federation. The aim of the author's research was to study the factors of conflict in military units and sub-units of the Russian Army and their impact on the moral and psychological condition of the military. The author presents factor groups of moral and psychological assessment and their interpretation. Such factors include: loyalty, motivation, readiness, professionalism, team, support, satisfaction and service conditions. The article presents the algorithm of data collection and research. The author identifies the reasons for the assessment and the purpose of the study. The article also demonstrates the graphic profiles of the assessment of the moral and psychological state of the military formation in General and the separate categories of military personnel, built as a result of the work of the author. The author suggests the measures necessary for the implementation of the code, to strengthen the moral and psychological state. Among them, the realization of individual educational work and purposeful targeted assistance to military personnel; improving the effectiveness of management of the socio-psychological situation in military collections; strengthening and maintaining law and order and military discipline in a morally favorable environment; increasing the importance of educational activities and others. The author concludes that the organizational and educational measures taken can reduce social tension in military collectives, support the majority of military personnel's commitment to conscientious performance of military duty.

Keywords: sociology, conflict and moral and psychological climate, Armed forces of Russia, education of military personnel.

For citation:

Bakun M.V. Assessment of the Moral and Psychological State of the Personnel of the Armed Forces of the Russian Federation. *Nauchnoe obozrenie. Seriya 2. Gumanitarnye nauki* [Scientific Review. Series 2. Human Sciences]. 2018. No. 2-3. P. 52-64. DOI: 10.26653/2076-4685-2018-2-3-04. (in Russ.)

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SOCIOLOGICAL STUDIES

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MEASUREMENT OF SATISFACTORINESS BY THE QUALITY OF LIFE

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Abstract. In the article is examined the content of concept "quality of life", the conditions of the vital activity of citizens and the satisfactoriness of population by these conditions. The important role of subjective beginning in the social development is emphasized. Therefore the need for interaction of control system with its citizens, who are not only the representatives of the social layers of the social structure of society, but also the carriers of the specific consciousness, is based. The author, analyzing "the quality of life", examines its key index "satisfactoriness", number of its sociological parameters, and also complex scales of measurements, special feature of this category, its dualism. The need of applying the new methodology of the study of this question is explained. The essence of the new approach is revealed: economic indices supplemented with social- those oriented, are examined complexities in the application of this approach — the existing social processes they are not always adequately reflected in the statistical data in view of the complication of social relations. In the article is shown the role of the sociological studies, which make it possible to to a considerable extent remove a similar nonconformity between the statistical picture and the real life of people. Is pointed out the important significance of index "satisfactoriness" by living conditions, since it is the reflection of the possible mass actions of population and in particular their behavior under the conditions of selective company. In addition to this, the author focuses attention on the need for considering, during the study public opinion, the specific regularity: high satisfactoriness leads to reduction in the social activity, and low satisfactoriness can lead to perechekivaniyu of positive effect from of conducted by the power structures those or others measures. In the article the factors of satisfactoriness, used with quality measurement of life and new approaches to the study of this question, are isolated. A number of the specific rules of conducting interrogations on the problems of the quality of the life of population is enumerated. The possible directions of similar studies are proposed. For the maximum effectiveness of the sociological studies of satisfactoriness by the level and by the quality of the life of population in the article is given a number of recommendations.

Keywords: "the quality of life", "satisfactoriness", "human potential". the social structure of society, the sociological parameters, the social-oriented indices, social processes, public opinion.

For citation:

Nikolayev A.A. Measurement of Satisfactoriness by the Quality of Life. *Nauchnoe obozrenie. Seriya 2. Gumanitarnye nauki* [Scientific Review. Series 2. Human Sciences]. 2018. No. 2-3. P. 65-74. DOI: 10.26653/2076-4685-2018-2-3-05. (in Russ.)

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ECONOMIC SOCIOLOGY AND DEMOGRAPHY

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SOCIO-ECONOMIC MECHANISMS OF ENSURING INCLUSIVE EDUCATION IN
THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

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Abstract. In 2012 the Russian Federation ratified the Convention on the rights of the disabled person, thereby having taken the obligations for formation of conditions according to the international standards providing social, economic, legal and other rights of disabled people. From 2012 positive dynamics in system work on increase in availability and quality of the higher education for disabled people is observed till present. In 2017/2018 academic year according to Rosstat have entered to the university have arrived 6881 persons, however the annual established quota for disabled people makes not less than 10% of total of the budgetary places. The Ministry of Education and Science has allocated to higher education institutions for 2017-18 academic year more than 575 thousand budgetary places. Thus the quota allocated by higher education institutions for reception of disabled people is taken up insufficiently effectively. In article on the basis of pilot study social and economic mechanisms of availability of the higher education to disabled people of the Russian Federation, a problem and the prospect of development of inclusive education are considered. Features of various forms of social control, their efficiency in the conditions of development of network society are shown. The characteristic of sociological providing institute of social control of implementation of measures of social protection of disabled people in the educational sphere is given.

Keywords: Social and economic mechanisms, inclusive formation, availability of the higher education to disabled people of Russia.

For citation:

Yugay S.V. Socio-economic mechanisms of ensuring inclusive education in the Russian Federation. *Nauchnoe obozrenie. Seriya 2. Gumanitarnye nauki* [Scientific Review. Series 2. Human Sciences]. 2018. No. 1. P. 75-82. DOI: 10.26653/2076-4685-2018-2-3-06. (in Russ.)

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PEDAGOGICAL PSYCHOLOGY

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INDIVIDUAL PSYCHOLOGICAL FACTORS OF DEVIANT BEHAVIOR OF TEENAGERS

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Abstract: The article presents the data of the study, which aims to reduce the aggressiveness of adolescents and to identify the relationship between the individual psychological factors of deviant behavior. The General assumption, expressed in the study, was the existence of a relationship of aggressiveness with anxiety, frustration and value orientations, as well as that the change of individual psychological factors will lead to a change in the level of aggressiveness and Vice versa. To achieve these goals, the following research methods were chosen: comparative experiment, testing, survey and methods of mathematical statistics. The methodology used in the study: A. Bass-Darki questionnaire of the aggression level, rapid diagnosis of the level of personal frustration (V.V. Boyko), the study of anxiety (BH spielberger, adapted by Y. L. Khanin), the method "Value orientations" by M. Rokicha. The experiment consisted of four phases. The first stage — stating. He was in the primary conducting psychodiagnostic methods and the selection of the experimental group. The second stage is actually forming. It included a remedial programme with deviant adolescents with a high level of aggressiveness. The third stage — control. It included re-diagnosis, comparison and analysis of the data obtained. The study involved 146 people aged 14 to 16 years, who were accompanied in the Department of social prevention of social rehabilitation center for minors "Vozrozhdenie". The main results obtained in the study can be considered that the level of aggressiveness is associated with the manifestation of anxiety, frustration and value orientations; a specially created program for adolescents who use and are prone to psychoactive substances, has led to a decrease in the level of aggressiveness and change personal manifestations. The obtained results can be used in the work of psycho-pedagogical and social centers on work with deviant teenagers.

Keywords: deviant behavior, the causes of deviant behavior, social environment, adolescence, values, aggressiveness, frustration, anxiety, substance abuse, training program.

For citation:

Lvova S.V. Individual Psychological Factors of Deviant Behavior of Teenagers. *Nauchnoe obozrenie. Seriya 2. Gumanitarnye nauki [Scientific Review. Series 2. Human Sciences]*. 2018. No. 2-3. P. 83-95. DOI: 10.26653/2076-4685-2018-2-3-07. (in Russ.)

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**PECULIARITIES OF RECONSTRUCTION OF A SITUATION OF THE MORAL CHOICE,
WHICH IS UNFOLDING IN THE SPHERES OF SOCIAL INTERACTION, REGULATED BY
DIFFERENT NORMATIVE SYSTEMS**

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Abstract: the article presents the results of a study of the productivity of reconstruction of the situation of moral choice in tasks of social interaction in spheres of everyday life practices, Economics and law, presented in the videocase form. Differences are found according to two evaluation criterions of the efficiency of reconstruction of the situation of moral choice (completeness and relevance), the unfolding in these areas. The completeness of the reconstruction (the breadth of coverage of all components (the participants, their motives, values, etc.)) of a situation of moral choice, contained in the «everyday» dilemmas, does not differ from the completeness of the reconstruction of «juridical» and «economic» conflicts. At the same time, the relevancy of reconstruction (the selection and comprehension of ethical characteristics of moral situation) of the first dilemmas, statistically significantly lower than relevancy of reconstruction of the second dilemmas. Analysis of the data from the point of view of the peculiarities of normative systems regulating the relations in the above spheres, are allowed to explain the revealed difference. It shows that the regulation of social interaction in the sphere of economy and law, which is conducted through a norms of written law («jus scriptum»), «hard law», determining the normative mode of action, facilitate the detection of the key contradictions underlying moral conflict. While, the prevailing regulation by norms of unwritten law («jus non scriptum»), «soft law» in the sphere of everyday life practices, not prescriptive certain mode of action, leaving more freedom of choice, makes the conflict is not so obvious, complicating its detection.

Keywords: task of social interaction, situation of a moral choice, subject context, reconstruction, videocase, criteria of efficiency, normative system, written law («jus scriptum»), unwritten law («jus non scriptum»), «hard law», «soft law».

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SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY

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THE INFLUENCE OF SOCIO-PSYCHOLOGICAL TRAINING ON THE INDICATORS OF SELF-ACTUALIZATION SOLDIERS

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Abstract. The article is devoted to the study of the features of the process of self-actualization of soldiers serving under the contract in closed military camps. The approaches of self-actualization research presented in foreign, domestic and military psychological science are analyzed. The essence of the process of self-actualization as an important aspect of socialization of the soldier under the contract. The results of the study of the impact of socio-psychological training on the self-actualization of soldiers serving under the contract. The differences in the indicators of self-actualization in the control and experimental groups of military personnel serving under the contract in closed military towns are revealed. The degree of influence of social and psychological training on the indicators of self-actualization of military personnel under the contract is determined. The results of the study indicate a change in the perceptions of the military about the past and the present, the regulation of behavior and attitudes in the perception of the social environment.

Keywords: self-actualization, socialization, personality development, contract soldiers, socio-psychological training.

For citation:

Grishchenko N.P., Valentirov M.Yu. The Influence of Socio-Psychological Training on the Indicators of Self-Actualization of Soldiers. *Nauchnoe obozrenie. Seriya 2. Gumanitarnye nauki* [Scientific Review. Series 2. Human Sciences]. 2018. No. 2-3. P. 112-119. DOI: 10.26653/2076-4685-2018-2-3-09. (in Russ.)

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SELF-REGULATION OF NEGATIVE MENTAL AND PSYCHOEMOTIONAL STATES OF
EMPLOYEES OF SPECIAL POLICE UNITS BY PROJECTIVE METHODS

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Abstract. Finding new methods for optimizing negative mental states in law enforcement is very important especially in the context of the transformation of society and the growth of social tension and conflict. Taking into account the situation that has developed in the Donbas, for today, a topical issue for practical psychologists is the formation of effective models of behavior in various situations among employees who have undergone combat stress and develop skills for self-regulation of mental states. Studies of the socio-adaptive capabilities of a person, their resistance to stress, the increase in the ability to recover from mental trauma, as well as the problem of adaptation to peaceful life and the need to create an integrated psychological support system for combatants today is the focus of many researchers. The article proposes a mechanism aimed at working with negative mental states of employees of special divisions of internal affairs departments performing official tasks in combat conditions, whose goal is to restore vital resources.

Keywords: internal affairs bodies, special units, mental states, stress, emotions, activity, psychocorrection, art therapy, intuitive drawing, self-regulation.

For citation:

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EXPERIMENTAL STUDY OF INDIVIDUAL PROPERTIES OF PSYCHOMOTOR
ACTIVITY IN THE CONTEXT OF THE LEVEL ORGANIZATION OF PERSONALITY

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Abstract. The main trends in the development of modern psychological science are associated with the appeal to the principles of systemic and polyscientific. This approach allows us to consider the personality in all its variety of manifestations, taking into account in the process of its formation and development the impact of many external and internal factors. Within the framework of these representations, a study aimed at studying a person as an integral system in the unity and interconnection of all levels of the organization of mental life was conducted: psychomotor, individual-typological, individual-psychological and subjective. At the same time, the most important condition for the functioning and development of

personal properties at all these levels is psychomotor activity. The study confirmed hypotheses concerning the relationship of motor activity with the level and stability of intellectual activity, emotionality, neuroticism and stress resistance.

Keywords: psychomotor activity, formal typological and individual psychological characteristics of the individual, level organization of the individual.

For citation:

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THE INFLUENCE OF INTERPERSONAL RELATIONSHIPS ON THE INTERACTION OF LAW ENFORCEMENT WITH THE LOCAL POPULATION IN THE FAR EASTERN FEDERAL DISTRICT

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Abstract. The article examines the socio-psychological aspects of the relationship of law enforcement with the local population living in the border area and in immediate proximity to the state border. The article describes the historical background of the origin of certain relations law enforcement and local population and formation on their basis of socio-psychological interaction. Psychological peculiarities and possible difficulties in the relationship of law enforcement with the local population.

Keywords: relationships, relationships, socio-psychological characteristics, interaction, law enforcement officers, the local population.

For citation:

Bakhanov A.A. The Influence of Interpersonal Relationships on the Interaction of Law Enforcement with the Local Population in the Far Eastern Federal District. *Nauchnoe obozrenie. Seriya 2. Gumanitarnye nauki* [Scientific Review. Series 2. Human Sciences]. 2018. No. 2-3. P. 141-147. DOI: 10.26653/2076-4685-2018-2-3-12. (in Russ.)

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GENERAL PEDAGOGICS

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**PEDAGOGICAL ANALYSIS OF THE EXPERIENCE OF FORMING FAMILY VALUES AMONG
MILITARY PERSONNEL UNDER CONTRACT**

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Abstract. The article proves the two-component and two-level formation of family values for servicemen under the contract, the stages of formation and transformation of the emotional-value attitude of the serviceman's personality to the family are substantiated. The author describes the tendencies in the formation of family values among military servicemen, analyzes the value orientations of servicemen and fosters their value attitude toward the family on the basis of the perception of the family as a personal value. The role of the commander of the military unit (unit) and the criteria for the formation of family values among servicemen are disclosed.

Keywords: family values, extra-family values, the personality of the serviceman, contract servicemen, armed forces.

For citation:

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THEORY AND METHODS OF PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION

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EXPERIENCE IN TEACHING ECONOMIC DISCIPLINES IN DISTANCE LEARNING

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Abstract. The article substantiates the essence of the phenomenon of electronic educational resources and their implementation in higher education. Electronic educational resources are considered by the author as a set of possibilities of electronic and educational resources, with special attention paid to the disclosure of the possibilities of educational resources at each qualitative level. Qualitative levels are a didactic system consisting of three levels: classical, non-classical and post-non-classical. The article draws attention to the realization of the possibilities of electronic resources in accordance with the scientifically grounded sequence of deployment of pedagogical theories, concepts and technologies. For the effective implementation of electronic educational resources in the learning process in the higher school, the author outlines a systematic set of steps. The author's definition of electronic educational resources is given in the article.

Keywords: electronic educational resources, the implementation of EER, electronic resource, educational resource, post-non-classical, technological paradigm, technocratic pedagogical thinking, synergistic effect, self-development didactic potential, problem-action teaching

For citation:

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EXPERIENCE IN TEACHING ECONOMIC DISCIPLINES IN DISTANCE LEARNING

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Abstract. In the article the author outlined his own vision of new areas of distance learning, important principles of learning, based on his work experience. The concept of lifelong learning is becoming increasingly popular, including, thanks to the use of information technologies, the introduction of which not only facilitates the assimilation of educational material, but also provides new opportunities for the development of the creative abilities of students, and the consolidation of various professional skills. The article considers the reasons for the growth in demand for distance learning, gives a detailed answer to the question: "Are there any advantages of distance education for the teacher?". In more detail, the article deals with the applied interactive techniques (webinar: online seminar, online seminar) using Internet technologies and special software that allow you to activate the possibilities of students, help them learn how to apply economic information in practical life. Depending on the pedagogical methods and technologies used, the basic forms of the webinar are offered, the correct choice of which will ensure its quality. It should be noted that in modern conditions, the teacher of economic disciplines in the arsenal has a wide variety of modern-day innovative teaching methods that meet modern requirements.

Keywords: teaching, distance learning, economic disciplines, advantages, principles of training, qualification, success, webinar lecture, new directions.

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